

52451 to 52460—Continued.

some, tall-growing shrub causes it to be extensively used for shrubbery plantings. (Adapted from *The Florists' Exchange*, vol. 38, p. 15.)

52457. PHILADELPHUS SERICANTHUS Kuehne. Chinese mock orange.

A bush 3 meters high, with inflorescences of 7 to 11 white flowers, native to thickets at altitudes of 1,300 meters in western Szechwan. The bark of 2-year-old twigs is nut brown or gray. The leaf blades are narrowly lanceolate, long-attenuate, with 3 to 8 or more small teeth or occasionally entire, smooth on both sides or with appressed hairs, or the underside densely white hairy on the veins. (Adapted from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 1, p. 145, and from *Gartenflora*, vol. 45, p. 561.)

52458. ROSA BEGGERIANA Schrenk. Rosaceæ.**Rose.**

A bush 1 to 2½ meters tall with evenly prickly, pinnate leaves, the leaflets usually 7 to 9, elliptic to oblong, smooth and deep green above, generally thickly hairy and bluish green below. The inflorescences are 1 to nearly 50 flowered and the flowers white, cream, or more rarely red. The fruits are very dark red. (Adapted from *Schneider, Illustriertes Handbuch der Laubholzkunde*, vol. 2, p. 572.)

52459. SPIRAEA MYRTILLOIDES Rehder. Rosaceæ.**Spiræa.**

A graceful shrub 2 to 3 meters high and excessively spreading. The young branches are chestnut or fuscous brown and glabrous. The numerous short spurs, densely covered with the persistent fulvously pubescent bud scales and bases of the petioles, give to the 2 and 3 year old branches a peculiar appearance. The somewhat papery oval leaves are entire, cuneate at the base, glabrous and obscurely bluish green above, paler and laxly pilose beneath. The umbellate, hemispherical racemes are densely many flowered and are borne at the tips of short, few-leaved branches. The white flowers, 5 to 6 millimeters in diameter, are on graceful pedicels 3 to 6 meters long. Native to upland thickets at altitudes of 3,000 to 4,000 millimeters in western Szechwan. (Adapted from *Sargent, Plantae Wilsonianae*, vol. 1, p. 440.)

52460. RHODODENDRON CHARTOPHYLLUM Franch. Ericaceæ.

An evergreen bushy species with white to lavender glabrous flowers, 3 to 4 centimeters long, broadly funnel formed and five lobed, on elongated flowering branches. The oblong or narrowly lanceolate leaves are rigidly coriaceous, glaucous above and sparsely scaly below. Native to Yunnan and extending from western Szechwan to Tatsienlur (Soulie). (Adapted from *The Garden*, vol. 78, p. 304, and from *Morot, Journal de Botanique*, vol. 9, p. 398.)

52461 to 52464. PYRUS spp. Malaceæ.**Pear.**

From Arlington Farm, Va. Seedlings of Asiatic hybrid pears. Numbered March, 1921. Quoted notes by J. Marion Shull, botanical artist, Office of Fruit-Disease Investigations, Bureau of Plant Industry.

"Oriental hybrid pear seedlings bred by Dr. M. B. Waite, Office of Fruit-Disease Investigations, United States Department of Agriculture, for blight resistance and grown at Arlington Farm."